

## EAST Search History

Ref #	Hits	Search Query	DBs	Default Operator	Plurals	Time Stamp
L1	468	(composite near3 \$3oxide) with ((surface adj1 area) or "m. <sup>sup</sup> ?2\$4 or "m2/g")	US-PGPUB; USPAT	ADJ	ON	2006/03/23 12:40
L2	1	I1 and roundness with "0.950"	US-PGPUB; USPAT	ADJ	ON	2006/03/23 12:41
L3	2	(toner and roundness with "0.950").ab.	US-PGPUB; USPAT	ADJ	ON	2006/03/23 12:43
L4	9	(toner and roundness with "0.950").clm.	US-PGPUB; USPAT	ADJ	ON	2006/03/23 12:43
L5	7	I4 not I3	US-PGPUB; USPAT	ADJ	ON	2006/03/23 12:43
S5	1	("20050260515").PN.	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	OFF	2006/03/23 07:02
S6	1	us-20050260515-\$ did.	EPO; JPO; DERWENT	ADJ	ON	2006/03/23 07:07
S7	219	(composite near3 \$3oxide) with ((surface adj1 area) or "m. <sup>sup</sup> ?2\$4)	EPO; JPO; DERWENT	ADJ	ON	2006/03/23 07:12
S8	229	(composite near3 \$3oxide) with ((surface adj1 area) or "m. <sup>sup</sup> ?2\$4 or "m2/g")	EPO; JPO; DERWENT	ADJ	ON	2006/03/23 12:39
S9	4	S8 and toner	EPO; JPO; DERWENT	ADJ	ON	2006/03/23 07:22
S10	1	("6660442").PN.	US-PGPUB; USPAT	OR	OFF	2006/03/23 07:25
S11	14	etb adj1 "100"	US-PGPUB; USPAT	ADJ	ON	2006/03/23 07:25
S12	11	S11 and toner	US-PGPUB; USPAT	ADJ	ON	2006/03/23 07:25
S13	12	("20010031415"   "20020076635"   "20020177059"   "20030017405"   "20030054276"   "20030059699"   "20030073018"   "20030099890"   "5776646"   "5827632"   "6248492"   "6338929").PN.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	ADJ	ON	2006/03/23 08:01
S14	2	"6248492":uref.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; USOCR	ADJ	ON	2006/03/23 08:01

# Periodic Table of the Elements

Point at or click an element from the Periodic Table for more information:

GROUPS

Group***	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	
Period	IA 1A	IIA 2A	IIIB 3B	IVB 4B	V 5B	VIIB 6B	VIIIB 7B	VIII 8	VIII 8	VIII 8	IB 1B	IIB 2B	IIIA 3A	IVA 4A	VA 5A	VIA 6A	VIIA 7A	VIIIA 8A	
1	<u>H</u> 1.008																<u>He</u> 4.003		
2	<u>Li</u> 6.941	<u>Be</u> 9.012												<u>B</u> 10.81	<u>C</u> 12.01	<u>N</u> 14.01	<u>O</u> 16.00	<u>F</u> 19.00	<u>Ne</u> 20.18
3	<u>Na</u> 22.99	<u>Mg</u> 24.31												<u>Al</u> 26.98	<u>Si</u> 28.09	<u>P</u> 30.97	<u>S</u> 32.07	<u>Cl</u> 35.45	<u>Ar</u> 39.95
4	<u>K</u> 39.10	<u>Ca</u> 40.08	<u>Sc</u> 44.96	<u>Ti</u> 47.82	<u>V</u> 50.94	<u>Cr</u> 52.00	<u>Mn</u> 54.94	<u>Fe</u> 55.85	<u>Co</u> 58.47	<u>Ni</u> 58.69	<u>Cu</u> 63.55	<u>Zn</u> 65.39	<u>Ga</u> 69.72	<u>Ge</u> 72.59	<u>As</u> 74.92	<u>Se</u> 78.96	<u>Br</u> 79.90	<u>Kr</u> 83.80	
5	<u>Rb</u> 85.47	<u>Sr</u> 87.62	<u>Y</u> 88.91	<u>Zr</u> 91.22	<u>Nb</u> 92.91	<u>Mo</u> 95.94	<u>Tc</u> (98)	<u>Ru</u> 101.1	<u>Rh</u> 102.9	<u>Pd</u> 106.4	<u>Ag</u> 107.9	<u>Cd</u> 112.4	<u>In</u> 114.8	<u>Sn</u> 118.7	<u>Sb</u> 121.8	<u>Te</u> 127.6	<u>I</u> 126.9	<u>Xe</u> 131.3	
6	<u>Cs</u> 132.9	<u>Ba</u> 137.3	<u>La*</u> 138.9	<u>Hf</u> 178.5	<u>Ta</u> 180.9	<u>W</u> 183.9	<u>Re</u> 186.2	<u>Os</u> 190.2	<u>Ir</u> 190.2	<u>Pt</u> 195.1	<u>Au</u> 197.0	<u>Hg</u> 200.5	<u>Tl</u> 204.4	<u>Pb</u> 207.2	<u>Bi</u> 209.0	<u>Po</u> (210)	<u>At</u> (210)	<u>Rn</u> (222)	
7	<u>Fr</u> (223)	<u>Ra</u> (226)	<u>Ac**</u> (227)	<u>Rf</u> (237)	<u>Db</u> (260)	<u>Sg</u> (263)	<u>Bh</u> (262)	<u>Hs</u> (265)	<u>Mt</u> (266)	<u>Uun</u> 0	<u>Uuu</u> 0	<u>Uub</u> 0	<u>Uut</u> 0	<u>Uuq</u> 0	<u>Uup</u> 0	<u>Uuh</u> 0	<u>Uus</u> 0	<u>Uuo</u> 0	

Lanthanide Series*	58 Ce 146.1	59 Pr 140.9	60 Nd 144.2	61 Pm (147)	62 Sm 150.4	63 Eu 152.0	64 Gd 157.3	65 Tb 158.9	66 Dy 162.5	67 Ho 164.9	68 Er 167.3	69 Tm 168.9	70 Yb 173.0	71 Lu 175.0
Actinide Series**	90 Th 232.0	91 Pa (231)	92 U (238)	93 Np (237)	94 Pu (242)	95 Am (243)	96 Cm (247)	97 Bk (247)	98 Cf (249)	99 Es (254)	100 Fm (253)	101 Md (256)	102 No (254)	103 Lr (257)

\*\*\*Groups are by 3 notation conventions.

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IPC reform  
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USPAT2  
NEWS 5 JAN 13 IPC 8 searching in IFIPAT, IFIUDB, and IFICDB  
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INPADOC  
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NEWS 8 JAN 17 IPC 8 in the WPI family of databases including WPIFV  
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NEWS 10 JAN 31 Monthly current-awareness alert (SDI) frequency  
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NEWS 14 FEB 22 Updates in EPFULL; IPC 8 enhancements added  
NEWS 15 FEB 27 New STN AnaVist pricing effective March 1, 2006  
NEWS 16 FEB 28 MEDLINE/LMEDLINE reload improves functionality  
NEWS 17 FEB 28 TOXCENTER reloaded with enhancements  
NEWS 18 FEB 28 REGISTRY/ZREGISTRY enhanced with more experimental spectral  
property data  
NEWS 19 MAR 01 INSPEC reloaded and enhanced  
NEWS 20 MAR 03 Updates in PATDPA; addition of IPC 8 data without attributes  
NEWS 21 MAR 08 X.25 communication option no longer available after June 2006  
NEWS 22 MAR 22 EMBASE is now updated on a daily basis

NEWS EXPRESS FEBRUARY 15 CURRENT VERSION FOR WINDOWS IS V8.01a,  
CURRENT MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0c(ENG) AND V6.0Jc(JP),  
AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 19 DECEMBER 2005.  
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FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 08:14:13 ON 23 MAR 2006

=> fil ca; e us-20050260515/pn  
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

FULL ESTIMATED COST

SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
0.21	0.21

FILE 'CA' ENTERED AT 08:14:34 ON 23 MAR 2006

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```
E1      1      US2005260513/PN
E2      1      US2005260514/PN
E3      1 --> US2005260515/PN
E4      1      US2005260516/PN
E5      1      US2005260517/PN
E6      1      US2005260518/PN
E7      1      US2005260519/PN
E8      1      US2005260520/PN
E9      1      US2005260521/PN
E10     1      US2005260522/PN
E11     1      US2005260523/PN
E12     1      US2005260524/PN
```

```
=> s e3
L1      1 US2005260515/PN
```

```
=> sel rn
E1 THROUGH E11 ASSIGNED
```

```
=> fil reg; s e1-e11
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS          SINCE FILE      TOTAL
                                ENTRY        SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST          2.38          2.59
```

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TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH January 6, 2006

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```
*****  
*  
* The CA roles and document type information have been removed from *  
* the IDE default display format and the ED field has been added,      *  
* effective March 20, 2005. A new display format, IDERL, is now       *  
* available and contains the CA role and document type information.  *  
*  
*****
```

Structure search iteration limits have been increased. See HELP SLIMITS for details.

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```
1 108501-26-4/BI  
    (108501-26-4/RN)  
1 12673-39-1/BI  
    (12673-39-1/RN)  
1 147-14-8/BI  
    (147-14-8/RN)  
1 159995-97-8/BI  
    (159995-97-8/RN)  
1 163332-39-6/BI  
    (163332-39-6/RN)  
.1 169938-64-1/BI  
    (169938-64-1/RN)  
1 174179-90-9/BI  
    (174179-90-9/RN)  
1 174633-44-4/BI  
    (174633-44-4/RN)  
1 39467-15-7/BI  
    (39467-15-7/RN)  
1 52337-09-4/BI  
    (52337-09-4/RN)  
1 58500-40-6/BI  
    (58500-40-6/RN)  
L2 11 (108501-26-4/BI OR 12673-39-1/BI OR 147-14-8/BI OR 159995-97-8/B  
     I OR 163332-39-6/BI OR 169938-64-1/BI OR 174179-90-9/BI OR 17463  
     3-44-4/BI OR 39467-15-7/BI OR 52337-09-4/BI OR 58500-40-6/BI)
```

=> d scan

```
L2 11 ANSWERS  REGISTRY  COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
IN Silicon titanium oxide (9CI)  
MF O . Si . Ti  
CI COM, TIS
```

Component	Ratio
O	x
Ti	x

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Si | x

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1).

L2 11 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
IN Silicic acid, iron salt (9CI)  
MF Unspecified  
CI MAN

STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1).

L2 11 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
IN Silicon zirconium oxide (9CI)  
MF O . Si . Zr  
CI TIS

Component	Ratio
O	x
Zr	x
Si	x

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1).

L2 11 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
IN Germanium silicon oxide (9CI)  
MF Ge . O . Si  
CI TIS

Component	Ratio
O	x
Ge	x
Si	x

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1).

L2 11 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
IN Aluminum silicon oxide (9CI)  
MF Al . O . Si  
CI COM, TIS

Component	Ratio
O	x
Si	x
Al	x

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1).

L2 11 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
IN Silicon tin oxide (9CI)  
MF O . Si . Sn  
CI TIS

Component | Ratio

O		x
Sn		x
Si		x

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1).

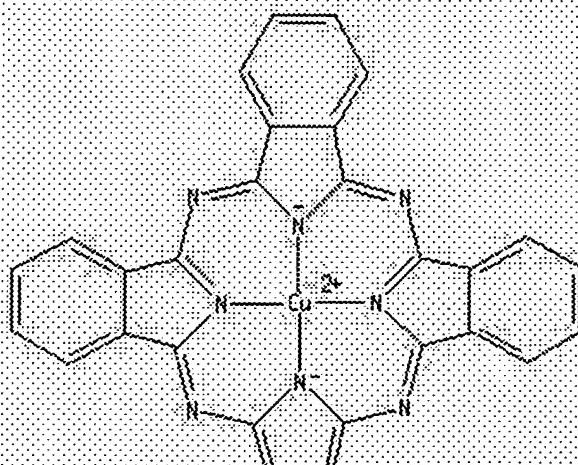
L2 11 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
IN Silicon tungsten oxide (9CI)  
MF O . Si . W  
CI TIS

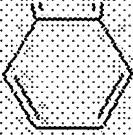
Component		Ratio
O		x
W		x
Si		x

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1).

L2 11 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
IN Copper, [29H,31H-phthalocyaninato(2-)·KN29,KN30,KN31,.ka  
ppa.N32]-, (SP-4-1)- (9CI)  
ADDITIONAL NAMES NOT AVAILABLE IN THIS FORMAT  
MF C32 H16 Cu N8  
CI CCS, COM

PAGE 1-A





\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1)end

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 08:14:13 ON 23 MAR 2006)

FILE 'CA' ENTERED AT 08:14:34 ON 23 MAR 2006  
E US-20050260515/PN  
L1 1 S E3  
SEL RN

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 08:14:50 ON 23 MAR 2006  
L2 11 S E1-E11

=> s 12 and oxide  
642465 OXIDE  
L3 9 L2 AND OXIDE

=> fil ca; s 13 and toner

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	5.64	8.23

FILE 'CA' ENTERED AT 08:16:19 ON 23 MAR 2006  
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3013 L3  
31789 TONER

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L4 36 L3 AND TONER

=&gt; s l4 and area

540507 AREA

L5 3 L4 AND AREA

=&gt; d bib ab 1-3

L5 ANSWER 1 OF 3 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

Full Text

AN 142:325890 CA

TI Electrophotographic toners with excellent charging stability and full-color image formation therewith

IN Kato, Hiroaki; Anno, Masahiro; Tsutsui, Chikara; Arai, Takeshi

PA Konica Minolta Business Technologies, Inc., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 19 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
-----	----	-----	-----	-----
PI JP 2005084295	A2	20050331	JP 2003-315235	20030908
US 2005260515	A1	20051124	US 2004-777104	20040213
PRAI JP 2003-315235	A	20030908		

AB The toners comprise wet-granulated toner particles with av. diam. 3-8  $\mu\text{m}$  and double-oxide microparticles contg. two or more of Group IVB-VIIB, VIII, IB-IIB, and/or IIIA-IVA metals and satisfying sp. surface area  $\leq 300 \text{ m}^2/\text{g}$ , and preferably satisfy av. circularity  $\geq 0.950$ . The toners produce full-color prints with no fogging nor filming on photoreceptors or intermediate transfers.

L5 ANSWER 2 OF 3 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

Full Text

AN 141:114028 CA

TI Electrophotographic black toner containing iron oxide magnetic substance containing titanium

IN Mizoo, Yuichi; Hasegawa, Yusuke; Michigami, Tadashi; Shibayama, Akiko

PA Canon Inc., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 39 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
-----	----	-----	-----	-----
PI JP 2004198570	A2	20040715	JP 2002-364738	20021217
PRAI JP 2002-364738		20021217		

AB The toner contg. a binder resin and a magnetic substance, is characterized by the followings: (1) its wt. av. particle diam. is 5-12  $\mu\text{m}$ ; (2) a particle with sphericity ( $S$ )  $\geq 0.900$  defined by  $S = L_0/L$  ( $L_0$  = peripheral length of a circle equiv. to projected area of a particle image;  $L$  = peripheral length of the particle image) is contained in content  $\geq 90$  no. % in toner with particles with  $\geq 3 \mu\text{m}$ ; (3) av. sphericity is 0.94-0.97, and (4) its surface is covered with inorg. fine particles. The magnetic substance comprising an iron oxide particle with 0.1-0.3  $\mu\text{m}$  av. particle diam., is characterized by the followings: (a) the particle contains 0.3-1.5 wt.% Ti to its total amt.; (b) the particle satisfies  $A/B = 0.7-1$  [ $A$  (%) = FeO ratio to total Fe amt. in 10 wt.% from the particle surface;  $B$  (%) = that in residual 90 wt.%]; (c) particle surface is covered with Fe-Zn oxide layer and thereon with Fe-Si oxide layer; and (d) elec. resistivity is  $5 \times 10^1$  to  $5 \times$

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103 ( $\Omega \cdot \text{cm}$ ). It prevents fog and scattering, showing improved durability and blackness.

L5 ANSWER 3 OF 3 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

Full Text

AN 138:278380 CA

TI Support for electrophotographic developer and electrophotographic developing apparatus

IN Murata, Kazuya; Takagi, Koji

PA Bridgestone Corp., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI JP 2003098818	A2	20030404	JP 2001-245468	20010813
PRAI JP 2001-219179	A	20010719		

AB The support has a core and  $\geq 1$  elastic polymer layer contg. 0.5-100 phr of an adsorbent with sp. surface area  $\geq 0.4 \text{ m}^2/\text{g}$ , which is applied around the core. The support is for forming a thin film of a toner on the surface and for transporting of the toner to an electrostatog. latent image for development. Damage of toner on the support contacted with a blade, for regulation of the amt. of the toner, is avoided because the hardness of the support is lowered whereas contamination of other parts contacted with the support is also avoided in the claimed app.

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 08:14:13 ON 23 MAR 2006)

FILE 'CA' ENTERED AT 08:14:34 ON 23 MAR 2006  
E US-20050260515/PN

L1 1 S E3  
SEL RN

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 08:14:50 ON 23 MAR 2006

L2 11 S E1-E11  
L3 9 S L2 AND OXIDE

FILE 'CA' ENTERED AT 08:16:19 ON 23 MAR 2006

L4 36 S L3 AND TONER  
L5 3 S L4 AND AREA

=> s 14 not 15  
L6 33 L4 NOT LS

=> d kwic 1-5

L6 ANSWER 1 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

TI Magnetic toner containing vinyl polymer

AB Disclosed is a magnetic toner comprising a binder resin and a magnetic material, wherein (a)  $\geq 1$  binder resin is selected from a vinyl resin having . . . vinyl resin having COOH and epoxy, and a vinyl resin derived from the reaction between COOH and epoxy, (b) a toner has a wt. av. grain diam. 5.0-9.0  $\mu\text{m}$ , (c) the toner has a true sp. gr. 1.1-1.6 g/cm<sup>3</sup>, and (d) the toner has sp. magnetic properties.

ST magnetic toner vinyl polymer

IT Electrophotographic developers

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- (magnetic toners; magnetic toner contg. vinyl polymer)
- IT 25586-20-3P, Acrylic acid-butyl acrylate-styrene copolymer 25767-47-9P, Butyl acrylate-styrene copolymer 26428-43-3P, Butyl acrylate-glycidyl methacrylate-styrene copolymer 30351-76-9P, Acrylic acid-butyl acrylate-methacrylic acid copolymer 30580-66-6P, Acrylic acid-butyl acrylate-glycidyl methacrylate-styrene copolymer 56790-33-1P, Acrylic acid-butyl acrylate-divinylbenzene copolymer  
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); NUU (Other use, unclassified); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(magnetic toner contg. vinyl polymer)
- IT 11129-48-9, Iron zinc oxide 12063-19-3, Zinc ferrite 12673-39-1  
12789-64-9, Titanium ferrite 25085-99-8, Epomik R140P  
RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses)  
(magnetic toner contg. vinyl polymer)
- L6 ANSWER 2 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
- TI Electrophotographic single-component developer development method for stable supply of toner
- AB The title development method utilizes toner particles contg. 40-200 nm diam. silica additives and 5-25 nm diam. Al oxide-SiO<sub>2</sub> mixed oxide additives, and a specified revolution.
- ST electrophotog single component developer development toner additive silica alumina
- IT Electrophotographic development  
(electrophotog. single-component developer development method for stable supply of toner)
- IT Electrophotographic developers  
(single-component; electrophotog. single-component developer development method for stable supply of toner)
- IT 7631-86-9, Silica, uses 159995-97-8, Aluminum silicon oxide  
RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)  
(additive to toner; electrophotog. single-component developer development method for stable supply of toner)
- L6 ANSWER 3 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
- TI Electrophotographic magnetic toner, its manufacture, developer, and electrophotography using it
- AB The toner is manufd. by a process comprising steps of (1) adding a flocculating agent into resin particle dispersions and then heating. . . the agglomerated particle, and (3) heating the particles B for fusing them. The developer contains a carrier and the obtained toner. Also claimed is the electrophotog. employing the same developer. The toner shows improved developability, chargeability, and good performance in transforming the images on image receptors.
- ST electrophotog toner prepn magnetic particle dispersion; developer electrophotog magnetic toner prepn
- IT Heating  
(fusing magnetic particles and polymer binder particles; in manuf. of electrophotog. magnetic toner contg. fursed composite of magnetic particles and polymer binders)
- IT Electrophotographic developers  
(magnetic toners; manuf. of electrophotog. magnetic toner contg. fursed composite of magnetic particles and polymer binders)
- IT Electrophotographic developers  
Electrophotography  
(manuf. of electrophotog. magnetic toner contg. fursed composite of magnetic particles and polymer binders)
- IT 12673-39-1P, Iron silicon oxide  
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PYP (Physical process); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)  
(as Si-contg. magnetite, magnetic particle; manuf. of electrophotog.

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- magnetic toner contg. fursed composite of magnetic particles and polymer binders)
- IT 438537-48-5P, Butyl acrylate- $\beta$ -carboxyethyl acrylate-1,10-decanediol diacrylate-styrene copolymer  
 RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PYP (Physical process); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)  
 (binder; manuf. of electrophotog. magnetic toner contg. fursed composite of magnetic particles and polymer binders)
- IT 1327-41-9, Polyaluminum chloride  
 RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses)  
 (flocculant for polymer dispersion; in manuf. of electrophotog. magnetic toner contg. fursed composite of magnetic particles and polymer binders)
- IT 13463-67-7P, Titania, preparation  
 RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (in Si-contg. magnetite particles; in manuf. of electrophotog. magnetic toner contg. fursed composite of magnetic particles and polymer binders)
- IT 18624-44-7P, Ferrous hydroxide  
 RL: CPS (Chemical process); IMF (Industrial manufacture); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process)  
 (in prepn. of Si-contg. magnetite particles; in manuf. of electrophotog. magnetic toner contg. fursed composite of magnetic particles and polymer binders)
- IT 1344-09-8, Sodium silicate 7720-78-7, Ferrous sulfate  
 RL: CPS (Chemical process); PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PROC (Process)  
 (in prepn. of Si-contg. magnetite particles; in manuf. of electrophotog. magnetic toner contg. fursed composite of magnetic particles and polymer binders)
- IT 1310-73-2, Sodium hydroxide, uses  
 RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses)  
 (in prepn. of Si-contg. magnetite particles; in manuf. of electrophotog. magnetic toner contg. fursed composite of magnetic particles and polymer binders)
- IT 421548-39-2, Neogen RK  
 RL: NUU (Other use, unclassified); USES (Uses)  
 (ionic surfactant, in dispersion of Si-contg. magnetite particles; in manuf. of electrophotog. magnetic toner contg. fursed composite of magnetic particles and polymer binders)

- L6 ANSWER 4 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
- TI Negatively charged electrophotographic toner containing certain external additive, its manufacture, and full-color image-forming apparatus using it
- AB The toner contains a colorant-contg. resin particle of which surface is covered with additives comprising (1) 2 kinds of silica particles (A). . . Ti, Sn, Zr, or Al, and (3) Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>-SiO<sub>2</sub> composite oxide particle (C) obtained by hydrolysis in flame and hydrophobized. The toner, contg. less reversedly charged toner and showing improved transfer efficiency, is manufd. by adding A to the resin particle and adding B and C to it. The app. involves an intermediate transfer medium for transferring an image of the toner on a photoreceptor to a recording material.
- ST neg charging electrophotog toner external additive; toner additive silica particle surface modification; electrophotog toner retransfer prevention alumina silica
- IT Color electrophotographic toners  
 Electrophotographic apparatus  
 (manuf. of neg. charged toner contg. certain external additive for full-color electrophotog. app. with improved transfer efficiency)

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- IT Polyesters, uses  
RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)  
(particle, toner; manuf. of neg. charged toner  
contg. certain external additive for full-color electrophotog. app.  
with improved transfer efficiency)
- IT Belts  
(transfer; manuf. of neg. charged toner contg. certain  
external additive for full-color electrophotog. app. with improved  
transfer efficiency)
- IT 25038-59-9, PET polymer, uses  
RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)  
(Al-deposited, transfer belt; manuf. of neg. charged toner  
contg. certain external additive for full-color electrophotog. app.  
with improved transfer efficiency)
- IT 7631-86-9, Silica, uses  
RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material  
use); USES (Uses)  
(optionally titania-modified, hydrophobized, toner; manuf. of  
neg. charged toner contg. certain external additive for  
full-color electrophotog. app. with improved transfer efficiency)
- IT 25586-20-3P, Acrylic acid-butyl acrylate-styrene copolymer  
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material  
use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(particle, toner; manuf. of neg. charged toner  
contg. certain external additive for full-color electrophotog. app.  
with improved transfer efficiency)
- IT 701910-46-5, Himer ES 803  
RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)  
(particle, toner; manuf. of neg. charged toner  
contg. certain external additive for full-color electrophotog. app.  
with improved transfer efficiency)
- IT 13463-67-7, Titania, uses  
RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material  
use); USES (Uses)  
(silica modified with, toner; manuf. of neg. charged  
toner contg. certain external additive for full-color  
electrophotog. app. with improved transfer efficiency)
- IT 999-97-3, Hexamethyldisilazane 3069-19-0, n-Hexyltrimethoxysilane  
RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material  
use); USES (Uses)  
(silica treated with, toner; manuf. of neg. charged  
toner contg. certain external additive for full-color  
electrophotog. app. with improved transfer efficiency)
- IT 159995-97-8P, Aluminum silicon oxide  
RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM  
(Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(toner; manuf. of neg. charged toner contg. certain  
external additive for full-color electrophotog. app. with improved  
transfer efficiency)
- L6 ANSWER 5 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
- AB The devices for heat fixation of toner images on receptors, have covers  
lined on inner surface with layers of ceramics [e.g., mullite (or  
alumina)-silica solid mixt.] to insulate heat and minimize consumption  
energy. The devices for recovery of residual toners from image receptors  
are equipped with toner-transporting pipes covered with heat-insulating  
ceramic layers externally to prevent toners from sticking onto the pipe  
walls.
- ST electrophotog toner fusion recovery heat efficiency; alumina silica  
coated electrophotog toner fuser cover; thermal barrier ceramic coating  
toner fuser cover
- IT Ceramic coatings

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(heat-insulating; toner fusers and recovery devices equipped with ceramic coatings for enhancement of heat efficiency)

IT Electrophotographic apparatus  
 Thermal barrier coatings  
 (toner fusers and recovery devices equipped with ceramic coatings for enhancement of heat efficiency)

IT 1344-28-1, Alumina, uses 7631-86-9, Silica, uses  
 RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)  
 (heat-insulating coating layers; toner fusers and recovery devices equipped with ceramic coatings for enhancement of heat efficiency)

IT 159995-97-8, Aluminum silicon oxide  
 RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)  
 (mullite-type, heat-insulating coating layers; toner fusers and recovery devices equipped with ceramic coatings for enhancement of heat efficiency)

=> d bib 1 3

L6 ANSWER 1 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

Full Text

AN 143:336237 CA  
 TI Magnetic toner containing vinyl polymer  
 IN Taya, Masaaki; Michiue, Tadashi; Shibayama, Yasuko; Sano, Tomohisa  
 PA Canon Inc., Japan  
 SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 37 pp.  
 CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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PI JP 2005265958	A2	20050929	JP 2004-74637	20040316
PRAI JP 2004-74637		20040316		

L6 ANSWER 3 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

Full Text

AN 142:382149 CA  
 TI Electrophotographic magnetic toner, its manufacture, developer, and electrophotography using it  
 IN Kubo, Tsutomu; Tanaka, Hiroyuki; Serizawa, Manabu; Kiyonori, Shigeru; Taniguchi, Shuichi; Yanagida, Kazuhiko; Matsumura, Yasuo  
 PA Fuji Xerox Co., Ltd., Japan  
 SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 22 pp.  
 CODEN: JKXXAF

DT Patent

LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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PI JP 2005099179	A2	20050414	JP 2003-330465	20030922
PRAI JP 2003-330465		20030922		

=> d kwic 6-10

L6 ANSWER 6 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

AB . . . 80%, dried, and heat-treated 1 min at 180° to give a wiping cloth showing wiping property rating (5 no residual toner, 1 large amt. of residual toner) 4-5 on wiping silicone oil from a glass plate, spreading a toner on the plate, and blowing away the toner from

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- the plate, and exhibiting H<sub>2</sub>O absorption rate ≤1 s and H<sub>2</sub>O retention amt. 305%, and showing NH<sub>3</sub> odor absorption.
- IT 52337-09-4, Silicon titanium oxide  
RL: CAT (Catalyst use); USES (Uses)  
(deodorant; wiping cloths with good hygroscopicity and deodorant antibacterial properties comprising polyamide fibers and polyester fibers and having complex oxides contg. silicon and titanium, and polymers on the surface)
- L6 ANSWER 7 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
- TI Electrophotographic toner external additive for improving toner fluidity and charging property, electrophotographic toner, developer, development and imaging apparatus
- AB The title electrophotog. toner external additive comprises Si-contg. oxide microparticles having a primary particle size of 30-300 nm, a permittivity of 1.4-3.5, a spherical.
- ST electrophotog toner external additive silicon contg oxide microparticle developer
- IT Polyesters, preparation  
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(binder in toner contg. electrophotog. toner external additive for improving toner fluidity and charging property)
- IT Electrophotographic apparatus  
Electrophotographic developers  
Electrophotographic development  
Electrophotographic toners  
(electrophotog. toner external additive for improving toner fluidity and charging property, electrophotog. toner, developer, development and imaging app.)
- IT Polyethers, preparation  
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(epoxy; binder in toner contg. electrophotog. toner external additive for improving toner fluidity and charging property)
- IT Polysiloxanes, reactions  
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(for surface treatment of electrophotog. toner external additive for improving toner fluidity and charging property)
- IT Epoxy resins, preparation  
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(polyether-; binder in toner contg. electrophotog. toner external additive for improving toner fluidity and charging property)
- IT 116736-81-3P, Ethoxylated bisphenol A-fumaric acid-propoxylated bisphenol A-trimellitic anhydride copolymer 342416-67-5P, Bisphenol A-epichlorohydrin-propoxylated bisphenol A diglycidyl ether-bisphenol F copolymer  
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(binder in toner contg. electrophotog. toner external additive for improving toner fluidity and charging property)
- IT 999-97-3, Hexamethyldisilazane 9016-00-6, Poly[oxy(dimethylsilylene)] 31900-57-9  
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(for surface treatment of electrophotog. toner external additive for improving toner fluidity and charging property)
- IT 1185-55-3, Methyltrimethoxysilane 7440-32-6, Titanium, reactions

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- 7782-44-7, Oxygen, reactions  
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(prep. of electrophotog. toner external additive for  
improving toner fluidity and charging property)
- IT 7631-86-9P, Silica, preparation 52337-09-4P, Silicon titanium  
oxide  
RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); PREP  
(Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(surface treated with hexamethyldisilazane; electrophotog.  
toner external additive for improving toner fluidity  
and charging property)
- L6 ANSWER 8 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
TI Electrophotographic toner with aluminum silicon oxide external additive  
and image formation  
AB The toner, for non-contact a.c. development and press-transferring the  
toner image on a receptor, comprises toner mother particles coated  
with external additive contg. Al Si mixed oxide particles formed by flame  
hydrolysis. The toner, for giving image by transferring the toner  
image onto an intermediate transfer material and re-transferring the image  
on a receptor, comprises toner mother particles coated with external  
additive contg. Al Si mixed oxide particles formed by flame hydrolysis,  
and the friction coeff. satisfies  $\mu_p > \mu_b$  ( $\mu_p$  = friction coeff.  
between the photoreceptor and toner image;  $\mu_b$  = friction coeff.  
between the intermediate transfer material and toner image). The  
toner is transferred at high ratio, toner rejection is decreased, and  
clear images without central defect are obtained.  
ST electrophotog toner external additive alumina silica; friction coeff  
photoreceptor toner image intermediate transfer material  
IT Electrophotographic toners  
(electrophotog. toner having aluminum silicon oxide external  
additive)  
IT Polyesters, uses  
RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)  
(electrophotog. toner having aluminum silicon oxide external  
additive)  
IT 159995-97-8, Aluminum silicon oxide  
RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material  
use); USES (Uses)  
(electrophotog. toner having aluminum silicon oxide external  
additive)  
IT 82213-09-0D, Bisphenol A propylene oxide adduct-terephthalic  
acid-trimellitic acid copolymer, reaction products with polyvalent metal  
compd. 89993-86-2, Bisphenol A propylene oxide adduct-terephthalic acid  
copolymer  
RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)  
(electrophotog. toner having aluminum silicon oxide external  
additive)
- L6 ANSWER 9 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
TI Electrophotographic toner coated with external additive and image  
forming method  
AB The toner, for non-contact a.c. development, comprises toner mother  
particles contg. a releasing agent and coated with external additive  
contg. Al Si mixed oxide particles formed by flame hydrolysis at coating  
degree 50-200%. Feathering and toner filming on development are  
prevented.  
ST electrophotog toner releasing agent; alumina silica external additive  
electrophotog toner  
IT Electrophotographic toners  
(electrophotog. toner contg. releasing agent and coated with  
aluminum silicon oxide)

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IT Carnauba wax  
Polyesters, uses  
RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)  
(electrophotog. toner contg. releasing agent and coated with aluminum silicon oxide)

IT 159995-97-8, Aluminum silicon oxide  
RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)  
(electrophotog. toner contg. releasing agent and coated with aluminum silicon oxide)

IT 82213-09-0D, Bisphenol A propylene oxide adduct-terephthalic acid-trimellitic acid copolymer, reaction products with polyvalent metal compd. 89993-86-2, Bisphenol A propylene oxide adduct-terephthalic acid copolymer  
RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)  
(electrophotog. toner contg. releasing agent and coated with aluminum silicon oxide)

L6 ANSWER 10 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
ST neg charging electrophotog toner vinyl polymer; electrophotog process cartridge vinyl polymer toner; alkyl acrylamide acrylate polymer electrophotog toner; methacrylate alkyl methacrylamide polymer electrophotog toner

IT 1344-28-1, Alumina, uses 7631-86-9, Silica, uses 13463-67-7, Titania, uses 37220-25-0, Aluminum titanium oxide 52337-09-4, Silica titania 54427-26-8, Aluminum silicon titanium oxide 159995-97-8, Aluminum silicon oxide  
RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)  
(flowability improvers; neg.-charging electrophotog. toners contg. vinyl copolymer charge control agents for forming fog-free high-d. images)

=> d kwic 11-20; fil stnguide

L6 ANSWER 11 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
TI Negatively charging electrophotographic toner  
AB The title toner consists of toner mother particles and an hydrophobic external additives, wherein the external additive consists of hydrophobic aluminum oxide/silicone dioxide composite oxide particles. . . and hydrophobic fine metal oxide particles having larger work function than the hydrophobic aluminum oxide/silicone dioxide composite oxide particles. The toner shows decreased amt. of fogging toner and reverse-transfer toner and provides improved image-transfer efficiency.

ST neg charging electrophotog toner  
IT Electrophotographic toners  
(neg. charging electrophotog. toner)  
IT 13463-67-7, Titanium oxide, uses  
RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)  
(anatase; neg. charging electrophotog. toner)  
IT 1344-28-1, Alumina, uses  
RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)  
(external additive; neg. charging electrophotog. toner)  
IT 1111-74-6, Dimethylsilane 7631-86-9, Silica, uses 159995-97-8, Silicon aluminum oxide  
RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)  
(neg. charging electrophotog. toner)  
IT 999-97-3, Hexamethyldisilazane  
RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)  
(surface treating agent of external additive; neg. charging electrophotog. toner)

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- L6 ANSWER 12 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
ST hydrophobicized silica alumina composite toner fluidizing agent; aluminum silicon oxide toner fluidizing agent; electrophotog toner fluidizing agent charging stability  
IT 159995-97-8, Aluminum silicon oxide  
RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)  
(hydrophobicized silica-alumina composite powders for fluidizing agents of electrophotog. toners)
- L6 ANSWER 13 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
TI Electrophotographic magnetic toner showing improved developability and durability in high speed development system  
AB The title pos.-charging 3.0-9.0  $\mu\text{m}$  diam. magnetic toner comprises a binder resin 100 and a magnetic material 20-200 parts, wherein the magnetic material is 200-1000 nm diam. octahedron shape iron oxide particles comprised of Si-contg. cores coated with composite Fe oxide contg. Si and Zn, and the toner shows a tan $\delta$  value of  $1.0 \times 10^{-3}$ - $1.0 \times 10^{-2}$  at  $30^\circ$ ,  $5.0 \times 10^3$  Hz.  
ST electrophotog magnetic toner octahedron iron oxide magnetite silicon zinc  
IT Polyesters, uses  
RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)  
(binder in electrophotog. magnetic toner showing improved developability and durability in high speed development system)  
IT Electrophotographic developers  
(magnetic toners; electrophotog. magnetic toner showing improved developability and durability in high speed development system)  
IT 25767-47-9, Butyl acrylate-styrene copolymer  
RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)  
(binder in electrophotog. magnetic toner showing improved developability and durability in high speed development system)  
IT 12673-39-1P, Iron silicon oxide 220333-68-6P, Iron silicon zinc oxide  
RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(electrophotog. magnetic toner showing improved developability and durability in high speed development system)  
IT 1317-61-9P, Iron oxide (Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>), preparation  
RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(magnetite-type; electrophotog. magnetic toner showing improved developability and durability in high speed development system)  
IT 6834-92-0 7720-78-7 7733-02-0, Zinc sulfate  
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(prepn. of magnetite particles for electrophotog. magentic toner)  
  
L6 ANSWER 14 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
AB . . . with the photoreceptor surface and is placed in the downstream of the roller, and (c) a means for removal of toner from the cleaning roller by application of const. current bias voltage having the opposite polarity with the charged toner. The photoconductor of the said app. contains an interlayer, in between the conductive support and the photosensitive layer, which contains. . .  
IT Polysiloxanes, uses  
RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)  
(Me hydrogen, titania surface treated with; electrophotog. photoconductors with interlayers contg. surface-treated n-type semiconductor particles for defect-free image formation in app.)

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- equipped with toner cleaning rollers and blades)
- IT Polysiloxanes, uses  
RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)  
(di-Me, assumed monomers, titania surface treated with; electrophotog.  
photoconductors with interlayers contg. surface-treated n-type  
semiconductor particles for defect-free image formation in app.  
equipped with toner cleaning rollers and blades)
- IT Electrophotographic photoconductors (photoreceptors)  
(interlayers; electrophotog. photoconductors with interlayers contg.  
surface-treated n-type semiconductor particles for defect-free image  
formation in app. equipped with toner cleaning rollers and  
blades)
- IT Semiconductor materials  
(n-type; electrophotog. photoconductors with interlayers contg.  
surface-treated n-type semiconductor particles for defect-free image  
formation in app. equipped with toner cleaning rollers and  
blades)
- IT 55398-96-4, CM 8000  
RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)  
(CM 8000, interlayer binder; electrophotog. photoconductors with  
interlayers contg. surface-treated n-type semiconductor particles for  
defect-free image formation in app. equipped with toner  
cleaning rollers and blades)
- IT 31900-57-9 49718-23-2  
RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)  
(assumed monomers, titania surface treated with; electrophotog.  
photoconductors with interlayers contg. surface-treated n-type  
semiconductor particles for defect-free image formation in app.  
equipped with toner cleaning rollers and blades)
- IT 13463-67-7, Titania, uses 374712-25-1, TTO 55S 374756-72-6, SMT 500SAS  
374759-13-4, UMT 500SAX 475584-80-6, STT 30AFS  
RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)  
(surface-treated semiconductor particles; electrophotog.  
photoconductors with interlayers contg. surface-treated n-type  
semiconductor particles for defect-free image formation in app.  
equipped with toner cleaning rollers and blades)
- IT 1344-28-1, Alumina, uses 3069-19-0, Hexyltrimethoxysilane 3069-40-7,  
Octyltrimethoxysilane 9004-73-3, Poly[oxy(methylsilylene)] 9016-00-6,  
Dimethylpolysiloxane 17927-72-9, Diisopropoxytitanium  
bis(acetylacetone) 74751-86-3, Butoxyzirconium tris(acetylacetone)  
159995-97-8, Aluminum silicon oxide  
RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)  
(titania surface treated with; electrophotog. photoconductors with  
interlayers contg. surface-treated n-type semiconductor particles for  
defect-free image formation in app. equipped with toner  
cleaning rollers and blades)
- L6 ANSWER 15 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
- TI Electrophotographic dry toner showing stable performance for extended  
period of time
- AB The invention relates to an electrophotog. dry toner which contains  
TiO<sub>2</sub>-SiO<sub>2</sub> ceramic additives to improve its electrophotog. properties. The  
TiO<sub>2</sub>-SiO<sub>2</sub> additive may be prep'd. by a vapor method.
- ST electrophotog dry toner titania silica ceramic additive
- IT Electrophotographic toners  
(electrophotog. dry toner showing stable performance for  
extended period of time)
- IT 7631-86-9, Silica, uses 13463-67-7, Titania, uses 159995-97-8,  
Aluminum silicon oxide 458540-86-8, F 4S20 458540-89-1, F 6S10  
RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)  
(additive to electrophotog. dry toner for showing stable  
performance for extended period of time)

STN Columbus

L6 ANSWER 16 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
TI Electrophotographic dry toner showing reduced filming on photoconductor surface  
AB The title electrophotog. dry toner particles include alumina-silica composite oxide on their surfaces. The alumina-silica composite oxide is prep'd. by a vapor phase method. The. . .  
ST electrophotog dry toner reduced filming alumina silica composite oxide  
IT Electrophotographic toners  
(electrophotog. dry toner contg. alumina-silica composite oxide additive for reducing filming on photoconductor surface)  
IT 159995-97-8, Aluminum silicon oxide 453508-85-5, UFA 100S3  
RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)  
(electrophotog. dry toner contg. alumina-silica composite oxide additive for reducing filming on photoconductor surface)

L6 ANSWER 17 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
TI Toner cleaning brush in electrophotographic imaging apparatus  
AB The invention relates to a toner cleaning brush in a cleaning unit of an electrophotog. imaging app., wherein the cleaning brush contains polar adsorbents. The polar. . . zeolite with ≥6-membered oxygen ring is suitable as the polar adsorbent. The electrophotog. imaging app. utilizes an amorphous-Si photoconductor. The toner cleaning brush effectively removes (ammonium nitrate) products formed on the photoconductor surface during discharging processes to achieve high quality images. . .  
ST electrophotog toner cleaning brush imaging app polar adsorbent zeolite  
IT Clays, uses  
RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)  
(activated; polar adsorbent in electrophotog. toner cleaning brush for removing ammonium nitrate from photoconductor surface)  
IT Cleaning  
(app.; electrophotog. toner cleaning brush with polar adsorbent for removing ammonium nitrate from photoconductor surface)  
IT Electrophotographic apparatus  
(electrophotog. toner cleaning brush with polar adsorbent for removing ammonium nitrate from photoconductor surface)  
IT Adsorbents  
(in electrophotog. toner cleaning brush for removing ammonium nitrate from photoconductor surface)  
IT Silica gel, uses  
Zeolites (synthetic), uses  
RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)  
(polar adsorbent in electrophotog. toner cleaning brush for removing ammonium nitrate from photoconductor surface)  
IT 1344-28-1, Alumina, uses  
RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)  
(activated; polar adsorbent in electrophotog. toner cleaning brush for removing ammonium nitrate from photoconductor surface)  
IT 7440-21-3, Silicon, uses  
RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)  
(amorphous; electrophotog. toner cleaning brush with polar adsorbent for removing ammonium nitrate from photoconductor surface made up of)  
IT 6484-52-2, Ammonium nitrate, processes  
RL: FMU (Formation, unclassified); REM (Removal or disposal); FORM (Formation, nonpreparative); PROC (Process)  
(electrophotog. toner cleaning brush for removing)  
IT 159995-97-8, Aluminum silicon oxide  
RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)  
(polar adsorbent in electrophotog. toner cleaning brush for removing ammonium nitrate from photoconductor surface)

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L6 ANSWER 18 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
 AB . . . particles may contain magnetite as main component, etc. The Fe oxide particles are esp. suitable for material powder of magnetic toner, material powder for carrier of electrostatic latent image development, black pigment power for paints, etc.  
 ST iron oxide particle silicon iron composite oxide coating prodn; magnetite particle silicon iron composite oxide coating prodn; magnetic toner coated iron oxide particle prodn; electrophotog carrier coated iron oxide particle prodn; paint black pigment coated iron oxide particle prodn  
 IT 12673-39-1, Iron silicon oxide  
 RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)  
 (coatings; coated iron oxide particles and prodn. of same)

L6 ANSWER 19 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
 AB . . . preferably made of porous ceramics. The app. is suitable for applying a release oil on an electrophotog. roller for fixing toner so that staining of printed paper by toner left on the roller is prevented.  
 IT 9002-84-0, PTFE 159995-97-8, Aluminum silicon oxide  
 RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)  
 (porous; coating app. for applying oil comprising oil supporting part and coating regulating part bonded through adhesive contg. silicone oil)

L6 ANSWER 20 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
 TI Electrophotographic toner image receptor paper showing excellent toner adhesion and blocking-resistance  
 AB The title electrophotog. paper includes inorg. pigment particles comprised of silica and 1x10<sup>-5</sup>-20 % alumina in a toner receiving layer. The toner receiving layer comprises the inorg. pigment 5-1000 parts and a binder resin 100 parts.  
 ST electrophotog toner image receptor paper silica alumina pigment binder  
 IT Polyesters, uses  
 RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)  
 (binder; electrophotog. toner image receptor paper contg. silica and alumina pigments in toner receiving layer to improve toner adhesion and blocking-resistance)  
 IT Electrophotographic paper  
 (receptor; electrophotog. toner image receptor paper contg. silica and alumina pigments in toner receiving layer to improve toner adhesion and blocking-resistance)  
 IT 9002-89-5, PVA 117 37337-82-9, Vylon 200 103657-45-0, Acrydlic A807  
 RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)  
 (binder; electrophotog. toner image receptor paper contg. silica and alumina pigments in toner receiving layer to improve toner adhesion and blocking-resistance)  
 IT 1335-30-4, VP 3375 159995-97-8, Aluminum silicon oxide  
 RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)  
 (electrophotog. toner image receptor paper contg. silica and alumina pigments in toner receiving layer to improve toner adhesion and blocking-resistance)

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	51.24	59.47
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	-14.91	-14.91

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=> fil ca; d kwic 21-33; fil stnguide

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	0.12	59.59
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	0.00	-14.91

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 16 Mar 2006 VOL 144 ISS 13  
FILE LAST UPDATED: 16 Mar 2006 (20060316/ED)

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This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

L6 ANSWER 21 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
ST iron oxide octahedral particle dispersibility electrostatog toner;  
silicon content iron oxide particle coercive force; zinc iron oxide  
coating magnetite magnetic satn; flowability magnetite particle silicon  
content electrostatog toner  
IT 11129-48-9, Iron zinc oxide 12673-39-1, Iron silicon oxide  
12678-40-9, Aluminum iron oxide 157822-50-9, Aluminum iron silicon oxide  
RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)  
(coatings; iron oxide octahedral particles with low coercive force and  
high magnetic satn.)  
  
L6 ANSWER 22 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
AB . . . by desensitization, and extending pigments of inorg. particles  
contg. silica and alumina in one particle. The plate material shows good  
toner fixability, improved hydrophilicity, and printing durability.  
IT 1314-13-2, Sazex 2000, uses 1335-30-4, VP 3375 67256-35-3, Aerosil MOX  
170 159995-97-8, Aluminum silicon oxide  
RL: DEV (Device component use); USES (Uses)

STN Columbus

(lithog. plate with image receiving layer contg. extending pigment)

- L6 ANSWER 23 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
AB The title developer contains toner particles, which contains a binder resin and a colorant, and a fluidizing agent, wherein the fluidizing agent is fine powder. . .  
IT 159995-97-8P, Aluminum silicon oxide  
RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(hydrophobizing agent for fluidizing agent in dry two-component developer contg. for electrostatog. image)
- L6 ANSWER 24 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
TI Iron oxide particle for electrophotographic toner and its manufacture  
ST iron oxide particle manuf magnetite composite oxide electrophotog toner  
IT Electrophotographic developers  
(magnetic toners; iron oxide particle for electrophotog. toner and its manuf.)  
IT 12673-39-1P, Iron silicon oxide  
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(composite oxide coating on magnetite particle for electrophotog. magnetic toner)  
IT 7429-90-5, Aluminum, uses 7439-98-7, Molybdenum, uses 7440-33-7, Tungsten, uses 7440-45-1, Cerium, uses 7723-14-0, Phosphorus, uses RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)  
(in composite oxide coating on magnetite particle for electrophotog. magnetic toner)  
IT 1310-73-2, Sodium hydroxide, reactions 7720-78-7, Ferrous sulfate 12627-13-3, Silicate  
RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
(prepn. of magnetite particle for electrophotog. magnetic toner )
- L6 ANSWER 25 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
TI Toner, image forming method and apparatus unit  
AB A toner is disclosed which contains toner particles and a hydrophobic fine silica powder. The hydrophobic fine silica powder has the following hydrophobic properties: the transmittance of. . . vol. is 90% or more. Also, disclosed are an image forming method and an app. unit making use of the toner.  
ST electrophotog toner hydrophobic silica powder  
IT Polysiloxanes, uses  
RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)  
(di-Me derivs.; electrophotog. toner contg. hydrophobic fine silica powder)  
IT Electrophotographic apparatus  
Electrophotographic toners  
Electrophotography  
(electrophotog. toner contg. hydrophobic fine silica powder)  
IT 999-97-3, Hexamethyldisilazane 7631-86-9, Silica, uses 12049-50-2, Calcium titanate 12060-59-2, Strontium titanate 52337-09-4, Silicon titanium oxide  
RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)  
(electrophotog. toner contg. hydrophobic fine silica powder)
- L6 ANSWER 26 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
TI Electrophotographic toner with excellent properties  
AB The invention relates to the electrophotog. toner which contains (surface-modified) Al2O3-SiO2 mixed oxides prepnd. by thermal decomprn. The surface modification is carried out by hexamethyl disilazane, silicone. . .

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- ST electrophotog toner aluminum silicon oxide thermal decompn  
IT Electrophotographic toners  
    Thermal decomposition  
        (electrophotog. toner with aluminum silicon mixed oxide  
            prep'd. by thermal decompn.)  
IT Polysiloxanes, processes  
    RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PROC (Process)  
        (for surface treatment of aluminum silicon mixed oxide in  
            electrophotog. toner)  
IT 7446-70-0, Aluminum chloride, reactions 10026-04-7, Silicon chloride  
    RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
        (electrophotog. toner with aluminum silicon mixed oxide  
            prep'd. by thermal decompn.)  
IT 159995-97-8P, Aluminum silicon oxide  
    RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); TEM (Technical or engineered material  
        use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
        (electrophotog. toner with aluminum silicon mixed oxide  
            prep'd. by thermal decompn.)  
IT 556-67-2, Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane 999-97-3, Hexamethyl disilazane  
    RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); PROC (Process)  
        (for surface treatment of aluminum silicon mixed oxide in  
            electrophotog. toner)  
  
L6 ANSWER 27 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
ST electrophotog toner titanium complex charge controller; magnetic iron  
mixed oxide electrophotog toner; polyol titanium coordination compd  
charge controller; wax electrophotog toner additive  
IT 12673-39-1, Iron silicon oxide 12789-35-4, Iron magnesium oxide  
39361-81-4, Iron zirconium oxide 60240-58-6, Iron phosphorus oxide  
157822-50-9, Aluminum iron silicon oxide 220333-68-6, Iron silicon zinc  
oxide 220333-69-7, Iron phosphorus silicon oxide  
    RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)  
        (colorant; titanium complex charge controllers in electrophotog. toners  
            for clear image formation under high- and low moisture conditions)  
  
L6 ANSWER 28 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
TI Electrophotographic magnetic toner containing phenol-aldehyde condensate  
charge-controlling agent  
AB The toner contains (A) a condensate of PhOH or its deriv. and an  
aldehyde and (B) magnetic Fe oxide contg. ≥0.05 wt.% . . .  
contains ≥2 kinds of condensates having different unit nos. and  
comprises chain condensates or their mixts. with cyclic condensates. The  
toner shows stable charging property at low humidity and high humidity.  
ST magnetic toner phenol aldehyde charge controller; electrophotog magnetic toner  
toner phenol charge controller; iron oxide electrophotog magnetic toner  
IT Electrophotographic developers  
    (magnetic toners; electrophotog. magnetic toner contg.  
        phenol-aldehyde condensate charge-controlling agent)  
IT Phenolic resins, preparation  
    RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material  
        use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
        (oligomeric; electrophotog. magnetic toner contg.  
            phenol-aldehyde condensate charge-controlling agent)  
IT 1314-23-4P, Zirconia, preparation 7631-86-9P, Silica, preparation  
    RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); PREP  
        (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
        (coating for iron oxide; electrophotog. magnetic toner contg.  
            phenol-aldehyde condensate charge-controlling agent)  
IT 11129-48-9P, Iron zinc oxide 12673-39-1P, Iron silicon oxide  
12789-35-4P, Iron magnesium oxide 60240-58-6P, Iron phosphorus oxide  
157822-50-9P, Aluminum iron silicon oxide  
    RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material

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use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(electrophotog. magnetic toner contg. phenol-aldehyde  
condensate charge-controlling agent)

IT 221873-47-8P 224054-10-8P 224054-11-9P 224187-47-7P 224187-48-8P  
224187-49-9P 224187-51-3P 224187-52-4P 224187-53-5P 224187-55-7P  
224187-57-9P 224187-60-4P  
RL: PNU (Preparation, unclassified); TEM (Technical or engineered material  
use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(oligomeric; electrophotog. magnetic toner contg.  
phenol-aldehyde condensate charge-controlling agent)

L6 ANSWER 29 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

TI Electrophotographic toner containing dimeric phenol-aldehyde condensate

AB The title toner comprises a resin binder, a magnetic Fe oxide contg.  
≥ 0.05 wt.% (based on Fe) diverse elements, and a dimeric  
condensate. . . aryl, aralkyl, alicyclic group, alkenyl, silyl, acyl  
(these groups may be substituted with OH, halo, CO<sub>2</sub>H, alkyl, or acyl)].  
The toner shows stable charging properties and provides high-quality  
images under low- and high-moisture conditions.

ST electrophotog toner magnetic phenol aldehyde condensate; iron oxide  
magnetic electrophotog toner

IT Electrophotographic developers  
(magnetic toners; electrophotog. toner contg. magnetic Fe  
mixed oxide and dimeric phenol-aldehyde condensate)

IT 3772-19-8 6538-35-8 220333-62-0 220333-63-1 220333-64-2  
220333-65-3 220333-66-4 220333-67-5  
RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM (Technical or engineered material  
use); USES (Uses)  
(electrophotog. toner contg. magnetic Fe mixed oxide and  
dimeric phenol-aldehyde condensate)

IT 12673-39-1, Iron silicon oxide 12789-35-4, Iron magnesium oxide  
39361-81-4, Iron zirconium oxide 60240-58-6, Iron phosphorus oxide  
157822-50-9, Aluminum iron silicon oxide 220333-68-6, Iron silicon zinc  
oxide 220333-69-7, Iron phosphorus silicon oxide  
RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)  
(electrophotog. toner contg. magnetic Fe mixed oxide and  
dimeric phenol-aldehyde condensate)

L6 ANSWER 30 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

TI Magnetic iron oxide (magnetite) particle for magnetic toner, and  
magnetic toner

AB . . . of the claimed magnetite. Magnetic toners contg. the claimed  
magnetite are also claimed. The magnetite is resistant to falling from  
toner particles, and the claimed toners show high fluidity.

ST silicon magnetite particle magnetic toner; electrog toner magnetite  
surface treated; electrophotog toner magnetite surface treated; iron  
silicon oxide particle magnetic; hydrophobicized magnetite particle toner

IT Hydrophobicity  
(agents, coatings; magnetic Fe oxide (magnetite) particle contg. Si for  
magnetic toner)

IT Coupling agents  
(coatings; magnetic Fe oxide (magnetite) particle contg. Si for  
magnetic toner)

IT Electrographic toners  
Electrophotographic toners  
Magnetic particles  
(magnetic Fe oxide (magnetite) particle contg. Si for magnetic  
toner)

IT 2530-87-2, A 143  
RL: DEV (Device component use); TEM (Technical or engineered material  
use); USES (Uses)  
(coupling agent, coatings; magnetic Fe oxide (magnetite) particle

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- contg. Si for magnetic toner)
- IT 4669-02-7, Isopalmitic acid 61417-49-0, Plenact TTS  
RL: DEV (Device component use); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)  
(hydrophobicizing agent, coatings; magnetic Fe oxide (magnetite) particle contg. Si for magnetic toner)
- IT 12673-39-1P, Iron silicon oxide  
RL: DEV (Device component use); IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
(magnetic; magnetic Fe oxide (magnetite) particle contg. Si for magnetic toner)
- L6 ANSWER 31 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
- TI Decalcomania of ceramic article using transfer sheet having reverse toner image formed by electrophotography
- AB The title decalcomania sheet comprises a transfer sheet coated with a toner having a reverse image and mainly contg. a thermoplastic resin, an elec. charge-controlling agent, and an inorg. pigment; the toner layer if formed by electrophotog. The toner may contain a glass component. Decalcomania of a ceramic article is carried out by laminating and firing the sheet.
- IT Frits  
(in toner; decalcomania of ceramic article using sheet having reverse image formed by electrophotog.)
- IT Polyesters, processes  
RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); TEM (Technical or engineered material use); PROC (Process); USES (Uses)  
(in toner; decalcomania of ceramic article using sheet having reverse image formed by electrophotog.)
- IT 174633-44-4, Silicon zirconium oxide  
RL: TEM (Technical or engineered material use); USES (Uses)  
(pigment in toner; decalcomania of ceramic article using sheet having reverse image formed by electrophotog.)
- L6 ANSWER 32 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
- TI Toner for developing electrostatic image
- AB The title toner comprises toner particles contg. a binder resin and a colorant and, as an external additive, inorg. fine particles including metal oxide particles. . .  $\mu$ m or silicone oil-contg. Si oxide particles or Si complex oxide particles with av. particle size 0.03-50  $\mu$ m, and the toner may have the above-mentioned endothermic peak and shape factors, SF-1 and SF-2, measure by image anal., satisfying the following conditions: . . . include inorg. carbide, metal carbonate particles, silicone oil-contg. SiO<sub>2</sub> or Si composite oxide with regulated av. particle size and the toner may have the above-mentioned endothermic peak. Since the toner shows back-transfer from image-supporting substrate to photoconductor under high elec. current, high d. images are obtained.
- ST electrophotog toner back transfer resistance; inorg fine metal oxide additive toner; endothermic peak regulated electrophotog toner
- IT Polysiloxanes, uses  
RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)  
(amino-contg.; electrophotog. toner contg. inorg. fine particle as external additive treated with)
- IT Electrophotographic toners  
(electrophotog. toner contg. inorg. fine particle as external additive showing back-transfer resistance)
- IT Polysiloxanes, uses  
RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)  
(electrophotog. toner contg. inorg. fine particle as external additive treated with)
- IT Hydrocarbon waxes, uses

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RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)  
 (electrophotog. toner having regulated endothermic peaks  
 contg.)

IT Alcohols, uses  
 RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)  
 (long-chain; electrophotog. toner having regulated  
 endothermic peaks contg.)

IT Polyolefins  
 RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)  
 (wax; electrophotog. toner having regulated endothermic peaks  
 contg.)

IT 9016-00-6, Dimethylsiloxane 31900-57-9, Dimethylsilanediol homopolymer  
 RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)  
 (electrophotog. toner contg. inorg. fine particle as external  
 additive treated with)

IT 409-21-2, Silicon carbide, uses 471-34-1, Calcium carbonate, uses  
 513-77-9, Barium carbonate 1314-13-2, Zinc oxide, uses 1314-23-4,  
 Zirconium oxide, uses 1317-61-9, Iron oxide (Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>), uses 1344-28-1,  
 Alumina, uses 1633-05-2, Strontium carbonate 7631-86-9, Silica, uses  
 12014-74-3, Cerium oxide (CeO) 12049-50-2, Calcium titanium oxide  
 (CaTiO<sub>3</sub>) 12060-59-2, Strontium titanium oxide (SrTiO<sub>3</sub>) 12069-32-8,  
 Boron carbide 12070-08-5, Titanium carbide 13451-00-8, Strontium  
 metasilicate 13463-67-7, Titania, uses 159995-97-8, Aluminum  
 silicon oxide  
 RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)  
 (powd.; electrophotog. toner contg. inorg. fine particle as  
 external additive showing back-transfer resistance)

IT 9002-88-4, Polyethylene  
 RL: MOA (Modifier or additive use); USES (Uses)  
 (wax; electrophotog. toner having regulated endothermic peaks  
 contg.)

L6 ANSWER 33 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

TI Magnetite particles for magnetic toner and their manufacture

ST magnetite manuf magnetic toner; iron zinc oxide coating magnetite

IT Oxidation  
 (magnetite particles coated with iron zinc oxide for magnetic  
 toner and their manuf.)

IT Recording materials  
 (magnetic, magnetite particles coated with iron zinc oxide for magnetic  
 toner and their manuf.)

IT 11129-48-9P, Iron zinc oxide 12673-39-1P, Iron silicon oxide  
 RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); MOA (Modifier or additive use); TEM  
 (Technical or engineered material use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (coating; magnetite particles coated with iron zinc oxide for magnetic  
 toner and their manuf.)

IT 1317-61-9P, Iron oxide (fe<sub>3</sub>o<sub>4</sub>), uses  
 RL: IMF (Industrial manufacture); TEM (Technical or engineered material  
 use); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)  
 (magnetite particles coated with iron zinc oxide for magnetic  
 toner and their manuf.)

IT 1344-09-8, Sodium silicate 7720-78-7 7733-02-0, Zinc sulfate  
 RL: PEP (Physical, engineering or chemical process); RCT (Reactant); PROC  
 (Process); RACT (Reactant or reagent)  
 (magnetite particles coated with iron zinc oxide for magnetic  
 toner and their manuf.)

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS  
 FULL ESTIMATED COST

SINCE FILE TOTAL  
 ENTRY SESSION  
 18.19 77.78

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DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	-6.39	-21.30

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 LAST RELOADED: Mar 17, 2006 (20060317/UP).

=> fil ca; d bib 24 27 29-31 33; fil stnguide COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	0.36	78.14

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	0.00	-21.30

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 16 Mar 2006 VOL 144 ISS 13  
 FILE LAST UPDATED: 16 Mar 2006 (20060316/ED)

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This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

L6 ANSWER 24 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN  
Full Text  
 AN 134:23487 CA  
 TI Iron oxide particle for electrophotographic toner and its manufacture  
 IN Watanabe, Hiroyuki; Katsuyama, Koichi  
 PA Mitsui Mining and Smelting Co., Ltd., Japan  
 SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.  
 CODEN: JKXXAF  
 DT Patent  
 LA Japanese  
 FAN.CNT 1  

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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STN Columbus

PI	JP 2000335921	A2	20001205	JP 1999-150694	19990528
	JP 3595196	B2	20041202		
	JP 2005015337	A2	20050120	JP 2004-225268	20040802
PRAI	JP 1999-150694	A3	19990528		

L6 ANSWER 27 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

Full Text

AN 132:214753 CA  
 TI Electrophotographic toners for formation of stable images under high and low moisture conditions  
 IN Tanigawa, Hirohide; Kobori, Naokuni  
 PA Canon Inc., Japan  
 SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 37 pp.  
 CODEN: JKXXAF  
 DT Patent  
 LA Japanese  
 FAN.CNT 1  

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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PI JP 2000075556	A2	20000314	JP 1998-243683	19980828
PRAI JP 1998-243683		19980828		

L6 ANSWER 29 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

Full Text

AN 130:175279 CA  
 TI Electrophotographic toner containing dimeric phenol-aldehyde condensate  
 IN Tanigawa, Hirohide; Umino, Makoto  
 PA Canon K. K., Japan  
 SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 14 pp.  
 CODEN: JKXXAF  
 DT Patent  
 LA Japanese  
 FAN.CNT 1  

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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PI JP 11030880	A2	19990202	JP 1997-184846	19970710
JP 3634572	B2	20050330		
PRAI JP 1997-184846		19970710		
OS MARPAT 130:175279				

L6 ANSWER 30 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

Full Text

AN 129:128971 CA  
 TI Magnetic iron oxide (magnetite) particle for magnetic toner, and magnetic toner  
 IN Yoshizawa, Minoru; Aoki, Noritaka; Misawa, Hiromitsu; Miyazaki, Shigenori; Uchida, Naoki  
 PA Toda Kogyo Corp., Japan  
 SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 18 pp.  
 CODEN: JKXXAF  
 DT Patent  
 LA Japanese  
 FAN.CNT 1  

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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PI JP 10182163	A2	19980707	JP 1996-356840	19961225
JP 3578191	B2	20041020		
PRAI JP 1996-356840		19961225		

L6 ANSWER 31 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

Full Text

AN 129:18873 CA

STN Columbus

TI Decalcomania of ceramic article using transfer sheet having reverse  
 toner image formed by electrophotography  
 IN Kawase, Hiromitsu; Oshima, Koichi; Enokimoto, Takamichi; Kuramoto,  
 Shinichi  
 PA Ricoh Co., Ltd., Japan  
 SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 5 pp.  
 CODEN: JKXXAF  
 DT Patent  
 LA Japanese  
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI JP 10114197	A2	19980506	JP 1996-287444	19961009
PRAI JP 1996-287444		19961009		

L6 ANSWER 33 OF 33 CA COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

Full Text

AN 125:210904 CA  
 TI Magnetite particles for magnetic toner and their manufacture  
 IN Hashiuchi, Masachika; Yoshimaru, Katsuhiko; Watanabe, Hiroyuki  
 PA Mitsui Mining Smelting Co, Japan  
 SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp.  
 CODEN: JKXXAF  
 DT Patent  
 LA Japanese  
 FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI JP 08208236	A2	19960813	JP 1995-34683	19950201
JP 3419941	B2	20030623		
PRAI JP 1995-34683		19950201		

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST	6.98	85.12
DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE	0.00	-21.30

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FILE CONTAINS CURRENT INFORMATION.  
 LAST RELOADED: Mar 17, 2006 (20060317/UP).

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